HOUSE BILL No. 1526

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 25-10-1; IC 25-27-1-2.

Synopsis: Chiropractors. Defines certain terms concerning chiropractic techniques for the purpose of the chiropractic licensing statute. Prohibits a physical therapist from performing certain procedures. Provides that teaching, doing research, providing advisory services, conducting seminars on physical therapy, or providing physical therapy for students in a school setting by a physical therapist or a physical therapist's assistant who is working under the direct supervision of a physical therapist who is employed by the school or who has a contract with the school that has been approved by the school superintendent does not require a referral from certain health professionals. Prohibits a licensed physical therapist from evaluating (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 1999.

Brown C

January 19, 1999, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.



a physical disability or mental disorder outside the scope of physical therapy.





Introduced

First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

C

HOUSE BILL No. 1526

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 25-10-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 1. As used in this
3	article:
4	(1) "Chiropractic" means the diagnosis and analysis of any

- (1) "Chiropractic" means the diagnosis and analysis of any interference with normal nerve transmission and expression, the procedure preparatory to and complementary to the correction thereof by an adjustment of the articulations of the vertebral column, its immediate articulation, and includes other incidental means of adjustments of the spinal column and the practice of drugless therapeutics. However, chiropractic does not include any of the following:
 - (A) prescription or administration of legend drugs or other controlled substances;
 - (B) performing of incisive surgery or internal or external cauterization;



5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

1	(C) penetration of the skin with a needle or other instrument
2	for any purpose except for the purpose of blood analysis;
3	(D) use of colonic irrigations, plasmatics, ionizing radiation
4	therapy, or radionics;
5	(E) conducting invasive diagnostic tests or analysis of body
6	fluids except for urinalysis;
7	(F) the taking of x-rays of any organ other than the vertebral
8	column and extremities; and
9	(G) the treatment or attempt to treat infectious diseases,
10	endocrine disorders, or atypical or abnormal histology.
11	(2) "Chiropractor" means any person who is qualified under this
12	chapter to practice the science of chiropractic.
13	(3) "Board" means the board of chiropractic examiners under
14	section 1.5 of this chapter.
15	(4) "Bureau" means the health professions bureau under
16	IC 25-1-5.
17	(5) "Adjustment" means a specific form of direct articular
18	manipulation using long or short leverage techniques with
19	specific contacts that are characterized by a dynamic thrust
20	of controlled velocity, amplitude, and direction.
21	(6) "Articulation" or "articular" means the junction of two
22	(2) or more bones.
23	(7) "Manipulation" means a passive maneuver in which a
24	specific directed manual force is applied to vertebral and
25	extravertebral articulation of the human body with the
26	purpose to restore mobility to a restricted area.
27	(8) "Mobilization" means the process of making a part of the
28	body movable using a form of manual therapy that is applied
29	within the physiological passive range of joint motion that is
30	characterized by a nonthrust increase in passive joint
31	movement.
32	SECTION 2. IC 25-10-1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 14. (a) This section
34	applies to all persons, including persons listed in IC 25-22.5-1-2.
35	(b) A person may manually manipulate, manually adjust, or
36	manually mobilize the spinal column or the vertebral column of an
37	individual only if the person is:
38	(1) a chiropractor who has been issued a license under this
39	chapter;
40	(2) a physician who has been issued an unlimited license to
41	practice medicine under IC 25-22.5; or
42	(3) an osteopathic physician who has been issued a license to



1	practice osteopathic medicine under IC 25-22.5.
2	(c) A person may not delegate the manual manipulation, manual
3	adjustment, or manual mobilization of the spinal column or the
4	vertebral column of an individual to another person, unless the other
5	person is:
6	(1) licensed as a chiropractor under this chapter;
7	(2) licensed as a physician with an unlimited license to practice
8	medicine under IC 25-22.5;
9	(3) licensed as an osteopathic physician with a license to practice
10	osteopathic medicine under IC 25-22.5;
11	(4) a student in the final year of course work at an accredited
12	chiropractic school participating in a preceptorship program and
13	working under the direct supervision of a chiropractor licensed
14	under this chapter; or
15	(5) a graduate of a chiropractic school who holds a valid
16	temporary permit issued under section 5.5 of this chapter.
17	(d) If a violation of subsection (b) or (c) is being committed:
18	(1) the board in its own name;
19	(2) the board in the name of the state; or
20	(3) the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation
21	occurs, at the request of the board and in the name of the state;
22	may apply for an order enjoining the violation from the circuit court of
23	the county in which the violation occurs.
24	(e) Upon a showing that a person has violated subsection (b) or (c),
25	the court may grant without bond an injunction, a restraining order, or
26	other appropriate order.
27	(f) This section does not apply to a physical therapist practicing
28	under IC 25-27. However, A physical therapist may not:
29	(1) practice chiropractic (as defined in IC 25-10-1-1) or unless
30	licensed under this article;
31	(2) practice medicine (as defined in IC 25-22.5-1-1.1) unless
32	licensed to do so under IC 25-22.5; or
33	(3) perform an adjustment on the human body.
34	However, a physical therapist may perform a mobilization process.
35	SECTION 3. IC 25-27-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as
37	otherwise provided in this chapter, it is unlawful for a person to:
38	(1) practice physical therapy; or to
39	(2) profess to be a physical therapist, physiotherapist, or physical
40	therapy technician; or to
41	(3) use the initials "P.T.", "P.T.T.", or "R.P.T.", or any other
42	letters, words, abbreviations, or insignia indicating that the person



1	is a physical therapist; or to
2	(4) practice or to assume the duties incident to physical therapy;
3	without first obtaining from the board a license authorizing the person
4	to practice physical therapy in this state.
5	(b) Except as provided in this chapter, it is unlawful for a person
6	to practice physical therapy other than upon the order or referral of a
7	physician, podiatrist, psychologist, chiropractor, or dentist holding an
8	unlimited license to practice medicine, podiatric medicine, psychology,
9	chiropractic, or dentistry, respectively. It is unlawful for a physical
10	therapist to use the services of a physical therapist's assistant except as
11	provided under this chapter. For the purposes of this subsection, the
12	function of:
13	(1) teaching;
14	(2) doing research;
15	(3) providing advisory services; or
16	(4) conducting seminars on physical therapy; or
17	(5) providing physical therapy for students in a school setting
18	by a physical therapist or a physical therapist's assistant who
19	is working under the direct supervision of a physical therapist
20	who is employed by the school or who has a contract with the
21	school that has been approved by the school superintendent;
22	is does not considered to be a practice of physical therapy. require a
23	referral from a physician, podiatrist, psychologist, chiropractor, or
24	dentist.
25	(c) A physical therapist may not use the services of a physical
26	therapist's assistant except as provided under this chapter.
27	(c) (d) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, it is unlawful
28	for a person to:
29	(1) act as a physical therapist's assistant; or to
30	(2) use initials, letters, words, abbreviations, or insignia indicating
31	that the person is a physical therapist's assistant;
32	without first obtaining from the board a certificate authorizing the
33	person to act as a physical therapist's assistant. It is unlawful for the
34	person to act as a physical therapist's assistant other than under the
35	direct supervision of a licensed physical therapist who is in responsible
36	charge of a patient or under the direct supervision of a physician.
37	However, nothing in this chapter prohibits a person licensed or
38	registered in this state under another law from engaging in the practice
39	for which the person is licensed or registered. These exempted persons
40	include persons engaged in the practice of osteopathy, chiropractic, or
41	podiatric medicine.

(d) (e) This chapter does not authorize a person who is licensed as



42

1	a physical therapist or certified as a physical therapist's assistant to:	
2	(1) evaluate any physical disability or mental disorder except	
3	upon the order or referral of a physician, podiatrist, psychologist,	
4	chiropractor, or dentist; outside the scope of physical therapy	
5	(as defined in section 1(1) of this chapter);	
6	(2) practice medicine, surgery (as described in	
7	IC 25-22.5-1-1.1(a)(1)(C)), dentistry, optometry, osteopathy,	
8	psychology, chiropractic, or podiatric medicine; or	
9	(3) prescribe a drug or other remedial substance used in medicine.	
10	(f) A certified physical therapist's assistant may not evaluate a	
11	physical disability or mental disorder.	

